at 0.5 ppm, wheat hay at 0.2 ppm, and wheat straw at 0.5 ppm; barley grain and forage at 0.1 ppm, barley hay at 0.05 ppm, and barley straw at 1.5 ppm; sorghum grain at 0.1 ppm, sorghum forage at 0.05 ppm, and sorghum fodder at 0.1 ppm. The proposed analytical method for determining residues is high-pressure liquid chromatography

Authority: 7 U.S.C. 346a and 371.

Dated: August 2, 1993.

Lawrence E. Culleen,

Acting Director, Registration Division, Office of Pesticide Programs.

[FR Doc. 93-19829; Filed 8-17-93; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6560-50-F

[OPP-180899; FRL 4639-3]

Receipt of Application for Emergency Exemption To Use Pseudomonas Fluorescens; Solicitation of Public Comment

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: EPA has received a specific exemption request from the Pennsylvania Department of Agriculture (hereafter referred to as the

"Applicant") for use of the biological pesticide, Pseudomonas fluorescens biotype G (biovar), strain NCIB 12089, trade name Victus, to control bacterial blotch, caused by *Pseudomonas tolaasii*, on up to 100 acres of mushrooms in Pennsylvania. In accordance with 40 CFR 166.24, EPA is soliciting public comment before making the decision whether or not to grant the exemption.

comment before making the decision whether or not to grant the exemption. DATES: Comments must be received on ... or before September 2, 1993. ADDRESSES: Three copies of written comments, bearing the identification notation "OPP-180899," should be submitted by mail to: Public Response and Human Resource Branch, Field Operations Division (H7506C), Office of Pesticide Programs, Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M St., SW., Washington, DC 20460. In person, bring comments to: Rm. 1128, Crystal Mall #2, 1921 Jefferson Davis Highway Arlington, VA. Information submitted in any comment concerning this notice may be claimed confidential by marking any part or all of that information as "Confidential Business Information." Information so marked will not be disclosed except in accordance with procedures set forth in 40 CFR part 2 A copy of the comment that does not contain Confidential Business Information must be provided by the

submitter for inclusion in the public record. Information not marked confidential may be disclosed publicly by EPA without prior notice. All written comments filed pursuant to this notice will be available for public inspection in rm. 1128, Crystal Mall #2, 1921 Jefferson Davis Highway, Arlington, VA, from 8 a.m. to 4 p.m., Monday through Friday, except legal holidays.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: By mail: Susan Stanton, Registration Division (H7505W), Office of Pesticide Programs, Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M St., SW., Washington, DC 20460. Office location and telephone number: 6th Floor, Crystal Station I. 2800 Jefferson Davis Ĥighway Arlington, VA 22202, (703-308-8327). SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Pursuant to section 18 of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA) (7 U.S.C. 136p), the Administrator may, at her discretion, exempt a State agency from any registration provision of FIFRA if she determines that emergency conditions exist which require such exemption. The Applicant has requested the Administrator to issue a specific exemption for use of the biological resticide, Pseudomonas fluorescens biotype G (biovar), strain 12089, trade name Victus, to control bacterial blotch, caused by Pseudomonas tolaasii, on up to 100 acres of mushrooms in Pennsylvania. Information in accordance with 40 CFR part 166 was submitted as part of this request.

According to the Applicant, dramatic increase in bacterial blotch has been seen since April, 1993. The increase may have resulted from changes in cultural practices (i.e. a change in the casing material used at the mushroom facility) which were made earlier in the year to ward off a potentially devastating infestation of LaFrance virus. Since then, it has not been possible to regain equilibrium conditions and reduce the blotch problem, despite the use of best management growing practices and use of chlorine, the only available alternative for blotch control. Economic losses during the first two months of the epidemic are estimated at approximately \$607,440. Losses are expected to continue at \$80,000 per week until the disease is under control.

Under the proposed exemption, up to 5 applications per crop would be made: at spawning, at casing, at pinning, and after harvest of the first and second flushes. Applications would be made at the rate of 3 ml. of Victus concentrate, equivalent to at least 10,500 million cells of strain NCIB 12089, per square meter of mushroom bed surface.

This notice does not constitute a decision by EPA on the application itself. The regulations governing section 18 require that the Agency publish notice of receipt in the Federal Register and solicit public comment on an application for a specific exemption proposing use of a new chemical (i.e., an active ingredient not contained in any currently registered pesticide) [40 CFR 166.24 (a)(1)]. Pseudomonas fluorescens biotype G (biovar), strain NCIB 12089, trade name Victus, is a new chemical. Accordingly, interested persons may submit written views on this subject to the Field Operations Division at the address above. The Agency will review and consider all comments received during the comment period in determining whether to issue the emergency exemption requested by the Pennsylvania Department of Agriculture.

Dated: August 4, 1993.

Lawrence E. Culleen.

Acting Director, Registration Division, Office of Pesticide Programs.

[FR Doc. 93-19839 Filed 8-17-93; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6560-50-F

[OPPTS-42052O; FRL-4639-5]

Testing Consent Agreement
Development for Listed Chemical
Substances; Solicitation for Interested
Parties

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: This notice serves three purposes. First, it identifies and lists in the order in which they will be addressed, those chemical substances or categories of chemical substances for which EPA has chosen to pursue testing through Enforceable Consent Agreements (ECAs) negotiations. Second, it requests interested parties who want to monitor or participate in negotiations for these chemical substances to identify themselves to EPA. Third, it removes carbon disulfide from the ECA "open season" program. DATES: To be designated an "interested party" for the chemical substances listed in Table 1. written notice must be received by EPA on or before September 17, 1993

EPA will contact all interested parties who have expressed a desire to participate in or monitor negotiations in accordance with 40 CFR 790.22(b)(3) to advise them of meeting dates.

ADDRESSES: Submit written request to be an "interested party" in triplicate,

identified by the document control number (OPPTS-42052O) to: Public Docket Office (TS-793), Office of Pollution Prevention and Toxics, Environmental Protection Agency, Rm. NE-G004, 401 M St., SW., Washington, DC 20460.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Susan B. Hazen, Director, Environmental Assistance Division (TS-794), Office of Pollution Prevention and Toxics, Environmental Protection Agency, Rm. E-543B, 401 M St., SW., Washington, DC 20460, (202) 554-1404, TDD (202) 554-0551. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Background

On July 17, 1992, (57 FR 31714, document control number OPPTS—42052K), EPA established an "open season" or period of time for industry and others to submit testing consent agreement proposals on any substances for which the Agency has not issued final test rules. The Agency offered this "open season" because EPA had been approached by chemical companies interested in negotiating consent agreements for substances that are, or are expected to be, the subject of proposed test rules.

The procedures for requiring the testing of chemical substances and mixtures under section 4 of TSCA include the adoption of ECAs and the promulgation of test rules. See 40 CFR part 790. ECAs may be adopted where timely consensus on a testing program can be reached by EPA, affected manufacturers or processors, and other interested parties. If timely consensus cannot be reached or seems unlikely, and the Agency makes certain statutory findings under TSCA, then EPA will issue a test rule under TSCA section 4.

On March 30, 1993 (59 FR 16669), after evaluating the testing proposals submitted during the open season, EPA issued a Federal Register notice which identified a three tier priority ranking of the testing proposals received from manufacturers, solicited parties interested in monitoring or participating in ECA negotiations of tier I chemicals to identify themselves to EPA, and extended the opportunity for manufacturers to supplement their test proposals for tier II, tier III and unranked chemicals.

With negotiations for tier I chemicals underway, EPA has reevaluated the tier II, tier III, and unranked proposals received in response to the March 1993 notice. This review resulted in the listing for ECA "Open Season" chemicals described in Unit II, Table 1. These chemicals are listed in the order in which EPA will pursue ECAs.

This notice requests all "interested parties" who wish to monitor or participate in testing negotiations for the substances listed in Table 1, to identify themselves in writing to EPA. Regarding the July 17, 1992 and the March 30, 1993 notices, persons who submitted testing program proposals are already considered "interested parties" of record.

II. Listing of Testing Proposals

In response to the March 30th notice, EPA received additional information for glycidol methacrylate, a testing proposal for the alkyl C₁₂-C₁₄ glycidyl ethers, a request for removing carbon disulfide from the open season program, a testing proposal for brominated flame retardants, and a request for adding phenol to tier I.

The factors considered in evaluating these chemicals for testing included: (1) Comparison of the testing program proposal with EPA's views concerning testing needs; (2) the likelihood of success in negotiating an ECA; and (3) the Agency's programmatic priorities for action on given chemical substances or categories. Based upon the additional information it has received, EPA has listed the "open season" chemicals as shown below in the following Table 1:

TABLE 1.—REVISED LISTING FOR OPEN SEASON CHEMICALS

Chemical Substance	Cas No.
Alkyl (C ₁₂ -C ₁₄) Glycidyl	1 X 2 X 2 X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X
Ethers	2461-18-9
	15965-99-8
	16245-97-9
	38954-75-5
	68081-84-5
	68609-97-2
Glycidyl Methacrylate	
(GMA)	106-91-2
Silicon Based Glycidyl	
Ethers	2530-83-8
	2897-80-1
	17963-04-1
	7422-52-8
	71808-64-5
	126-80-7
	69156-42-6
Phenol	108-05-2
Brominated Flame	
Retardants (BFR)	32534-81-9
	32536-52-0
	1163-19-5
	37853-59-1
	3194-55-5
Removed From Open	
Season. Carbon Disulfide	75-15-0

III. Identification of Interested Parties

EPA is soliciting interested parties to monitor or participate in testing negotiations for the substances now listed. These negotiations will be conducted pursuant to the procedures described in 40 CFR 790.22. Submitters of testing proposals in response to the Federal Register notice of July 17, 1992 are already considered interested parties and do not have to respond to this notice. Additionally, any persons who respond to this notice on or before September 17, 1993 will be given the status of "interested parties" and will be afforded opportunities to monitor or participate in the negotiation process. These "interested parties" will not incur

any obligations by being so designated. Negotiations will be conducted in meetings open to the public. The negotiation time schedule for each chemical will be established at the first negotiation meeting. If a consent agreement is not established in principle within the agreed upon time-frame and EPA does not choose to extend the negotiation time period, negotiations will be terminated and testing will be required under a test rule.

IV. Removal of a Chemical Substance from the "Open Season" Program

Carbon disulfide is one of the chemical substances subject to the Developmental and Reproductive Toxicity multi-substance test rule. On April 28, 1993, EPA received a letter from the Chemical Manufacturers Association urging EPA to clarify in a Federal Register notice that EPA did not receive a test proposal for carbon disulfide. CMA requested and EPA has agreed to remove carbon disulfide from the "open season" program.

V. Public Meetings and General Schedules for Alkyl (C₁₂-C₁₄) Glycidol Ethers, Glycidyl Methacrylate, silicon based Glycidyl Ethers, Phenol, and Brominated Flame Retardants (BFR)

Public meetings will be scheduled to initiate negotiations for the above chemical substances at EPA headquarters, 401 M St., SW., Washington, DC 20460, from either 9 a.m. to 12 noon or 1 p.m. to 4 p.m., in rm. 101, Northeast Mail. The deadline to be designated an interested party for the above listed chemical substances is September 17, 1993. EPA will use its best efforts to send a draft consent agreement to each of the interested parties approximately 3 weeks before the public meeting for their particular chemical substance. Further, to facilitate attendance at these meetings, EPA will

contact all interested parties who have expressed a desire to participate in or monitor negotiations and advise them of the exact meeting dates and times. The Agency expects to reach agreement in principle within 10 weeks of these public meetings.

Dated: August 10, 1993.

Joseph A. Carra,

Acting Director. Office of Pollution Prevention and Toxics.

[FR Doc. 93-19973 Filed 8-17-93; 8:45 am]

FEDERAL MARITIME COMMISSION

Ocean Freight Forwarder License Revocations

Notice is hereby given that the following ocean freight forwarder licenses have been revoked by the Federal Maritime Commission pursuant to section 19 of the Shipping Act of 1984 (46 U.S.C. app. 1718) and the regulations of the Commission pertaining to the licensing of ocean freight forwarders, 46 CFR part 510.

License Number: 1160 Name: Kogel Oversens, Inc. Address: 5930 W. Jefferson Bivd., Los Angeles, CA 90016 Date Revoked: July 5, 1993 Reason: Failed to maintain a valid surety

bond.
License Number: 918
Name: Albert E. Bowen, Inc.
Address: One World Trade Center, Ste. 3327,
New York, NY 10048
Date Revoked: July 9, 1993
Reason: Surrendered license voluntarily.
License Number: 1937
Name: Agricultural Air Exports. Inc.
Address: 1633 Bayshore Highway, Rm. 222,
Burlingame, CA 94010
Date Revoked: July 9, 1993
Reason: Failed to maintain a valid surety
bond.

License Number: 3095 Name: Flamingo International, Inc. Address: 7350 NW. 12th St., Ste. 200, Miami, FL 33126 Date Revoked: July 11, 1993

Reason: Failed to maintain a valid surety bond.

License Number: 2569
Name: John H. Duncan Forwarding, Inc.
Address: 5944 Luther Lane, Ste. 300, Dallas,
TX 75225

Date Revoked; July 14, 1993
Reason: Failed to maintain a valid surety bond.

License Number: 3380
Name: J.P. Milton International Corporation
Address: 181 S. Franklin Ave., Valley
Stream, NY 11561
Date Revoked: July 18, 1993
Reason: Failed to maintain a valid surely
bond.
License Number: 3425

Name: Eden Air Freight, Inc. Address: 3095 Redhill Ave., Costa Mesa, GA 92626

Date Revoked: July 22, 1993 Reason: Failed to maintain a valid surety bond.

License Number: 3221–R
Name: Bellair International Ocean/Air Inc.
dba Bellair Express, Houston, Texas
Address: 3050 McKaughan, Houston, TX
77032

Date Revoked: July 23, 1993
Reason: Failed to maintain a valid surety bond.

License Number: 3499
Name: Expedite! Inc.
Address: 16514 Air Center Blvd., Houston,
TX 77032

Date Revoked: July 28, 1993 Reason: Surrendered license voluntarily.

License Number: 3185 Name: Footwork-Hamacher Inc. Address: 99 Hudson Street, New York, NY 10013

Date Revoked: July 31, 1993 Reason: Surrendered license voluntarily.

License Number: 3611 Name: Sea-Wings International, Inc. Address: 389-B W. Irving Park Rd., P.O. Box 583, Wood Dale, H. 60191

Date Revoked: August 1, 1993 Reason: Surrendered license voluntarily.

Rryant I., VanBrakie.

Director, Bureau of Tariffs, Certification and Licensing IFR Doc. 93–19939 Filed 8–17–93; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6730-01-M

[Petition No. P52-93]

Petition of Transax Data as Agent for Everstrong, Inc., DBA Everstrong Line for Temporary Exemption From Electronic Tariff Filing Requirements

Notice is hereby given of the filing of a petition by the above named petitioner, pursuant to 46 CFR 514.8(a), for temporary exemption from the electronic tariff filing requirements of the Commission's ATFI System.

Petitioner requests exemption from the June 4, 1993, electronic filing deadline.

To facilitate thorough consideration of the petition, interested persons are requested to reply to the petition ne later than August 23, 1993. Replies shall be directed to the Secretary, Federal Maritime Commission, Washington, DC 20573-0001, shall consist of an original and 15 copies, and shall be served on Mr. Steve Baker, Manager, Regulatory, Transax Data, 721 Route 202/206, Bridgewater, New Jersey 98807.

Copies of the petition are available for examination at the Washington, DC office of the Secretary of the

Commission, 800 N. Capitol Street, NW., room 1046. Joseph C. Poling, Secretary. [FR Doc. 93–19960 Filed 8–17–93; 8:45 am]

FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

Beverly Alton Barnette, et al.; Change in Bank Control Notices; Acquisitions of Shares of Banks or Bank Holding Companies

The notificants listed below have applied under the Change in Bank Control Act (12 U.S.C. 1817(j)) and § 225.41 of the Board's Regulation Y (12 CFR 225.41) to acquire a bank or bank holding company. The factors that are considered in acting on the notices are set forth in paragraph 7 of the Act (12 U.S.C. 1817(j)(7)).

The notices are available for immediate inspection at the Federal Reserve Bank indicated. Once the notices have been accepted for processing, they will also be available for inspection at the offices of the Board of Governors. Interested persons may express their views in writing to the Reserve Bank indicated for that notice or to the offices of the Board of Governors. Comments must be received not later than September 7, 1993.

A. Federal Reserve Bank of Atlanta (Zane R. Kelley, Vice President) 104 Marietta Street, NW., Atlanta, Georgia 30303:

1. Beverly Alton Barnetie, Daytona Beach Shores, Florida; to acquire 28.65 percent of the voting shares of Tara Bankshares Corporation, Riverdale, Georgia, and thereby indirectly acquire Tara State Bank, Riverdale, Georgia.

B. Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis (Randall C. Sumner, Vice President) 411 Locust Street, St. Louis, Missouri 63166:

1. David H. Clemmons, Harrisburg, Illinois; to acquire an additional 10.6 percent of the voting shares of Shawnee Bancorp, Inc., Harrisburg, Illinois, for a total of 12.72 percent, and thereby indirectly acquire The Bank of Harrisburg, Harrisburg, Illinois.

C. Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City (John E. Yorke, Senior Vice President) 925 Grand Avenue, Kansas City, Missouri 64198:

1. Dr. Richard E. Martin, Pryor,
Oklahoma; to acquire an additional 78.8
percent of the voting shares of CNBO
Bancorp, Inc., Pryor, Oklahoma, for a
total of 97.6 percent, and thereby
indirectly acquire Century National
Bank of Oklahoma, Pryor, Oklahoma:

D. Federal Reserve Bank of Dallas (Genie D. Short, Vice President) 2200